

Exercise 44

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx \quad \text{where } f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 4 - x^2 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

Solution

Split up the integral over the intervals on which the given function is defined. Then use the second part of the fundamental theorem of calculus to evaluate the integrals.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx &= \int_{-2}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^2 f(x) dx \\ &= \int_{-2}^0 2 dx + \int_0^2 (4 - x^2) dx \\ &= (2x) \Big|_{-2}^0 + \left(4x - \frac{x^3}{3}\right) \Big|_0^2 \\ &= [2(0) - 2(-2)] + \left[4(2) - \frac{(2)^3}{3}\right] - \left[4(0) - \frac{(0)^3}{3}\right] \\ &= 4 + 8 - \frac{8}{3} \\ &= \frac{28}{3} \end{aligned}$$